The Caledonian Mercury. No. 10,519.

PRICE 3d.] EDINBURGH, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 7. 1789.

THEATRE-ROYAL.

Fifth Night of Mr HOLMAN's Engagement.

On MONDAY next, Feb. 9. will be performed,
A Tragedy, (not acted here these many years), called,

TANCRED AND SIGISMUNDA.

Tancred,	Mr HOLMAN;
Earl Osmond,	Mr WOODS;
Rhodolpho,	Mr HALLION;
And Siffredi,	Mr WILLIAMSON.
Laura,	Mrs WOODS;
And Sigismunda,	Miss HUGHES,

Being her second appearance on this City.

To which will be added, a Comedy of three Acts, called

THE MISER.

Lovegold, (the Miser)	Mr WILSON;
Frederick,	Mr ARCHER;
Lawyer,	Mr STARKS;
And Ramilie,	Mr BLAND. Jun.
Mariana,	Mrs WILMOT-WELLS;
Mrs Wifely,	Mrs CHARTERIS;
And Lappet,	Mrs BRADSFORD.

☞ The Public are most respectfully informed, that Mr HOLMAN's engagement is only for a few nights.

ST CECILIA's HALL.

Mr STABILINI's NIGHT.

THE Nobility and Gentry are respectfully informed, that on TUESDAY the 17th February 1789, will be performed in St Cecilia's Hall,

A Concert of Vocal and Instrumental Music.

The particulars of which will be shortly advertised.
Tickets may be had of Mr STABILINI, Shakespeare's Square, and at the Music Shops.

CALEDONIAN HUNT.

THE MEMBERS are requested to meet at Fortune's upon Tuesday the 17th curt. at four o'clock.

The Meeting held at Edinburghthe 9th of Decembe last, elected the following Members for this year.

Sir ARCHIBALD HOPE, Bart. of Craighall, Preses.
Sir John Scott, Bart. of Ancrum, Treasurer.
George Baillie, Esq; jun. of Jerviswood, } Counsellors.
Duncan Campbell, Esq; of Lochnell, }
James Maxwell, Esq; of Williamswood, }

WILLIAM HAGART, Sec.

MEMEL TIMBER.

To be SOLD by auction, on the beach at Grangemouth, on Saturday the 14th current, at 12 o'clock noon,

ABout Six Thousand Feet of MEMEL LOGS, and from Six to Seven Hundred DEALS.—As the sale is for account of the shipper at Memel, the whole will be sold off without reserve

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MAHOGANY, CEDAR, & SATTIN WOOD.

Leith, Feb. 5. 1789.

TO be peremptorily SOLD by auction, on Tuesday first, the 10th February 1789, at twelve o'clock noon, in Messr. Young and Company's Timber Yard, near the Glass-Houses, Leith,

12 Logs Honduras Mahogany, excellent sizes and good in quality.
139 Plank best Jamaica Mahogany.
55 Pieces Cedar Wood.
30 Pieces Sattin Wood.

The articles of roup are in the hands of William Grinly, who will show the Mahogany, &c. any day before the sale.

CANONGATE,

The third day of February, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine years.

BY order of the Magistrates of Canongate, intimation is hereby made to the Minister, Members of the Kirk-Session, Deacons of Crafts, and Heritors of the Parish. That in consequence of the general meeting held on the 2d of February current, having made choice of the Rev. Mr WALTER BUCHANNAN, Minister of the Gospel in Stirling, to supply the vacancy of Second Minister of this parish, they do meet with the said Magistrates, within the Kirk of Canongate, on Thursday the 19th day of February current, at eleven o'clock forenoon, in order to receive the Report of the Committee, appointed by last general meeting; and to grant, subscribe, and deliver a *Presentation* to the said Mr Walter Buchannan, to be the Second Minister of this parish, as duly elected and chosen. And they ordain this intimation to be published on Sabbath first the 8th of February current, and to be once inserted in the three Edinburgh Newspapers, that so all concerned may attend thereto.

(*sic subscribitur*) WM. TROTTER, B.B.P.

By order of the Right Honourable the Lord Provost Magistrates, and Council of the City of Edinburgh.

IN consequence of the powers vested in them by an act of Parliament, passed in the 26th year of his Majesty's reign, entitled, "An act for widening several streets in the "City of Edinburg," &c.; and also, "for enlarging the "Burial Ground," &c.——Notice is hereby given to all and each of the tenants and occupiers of the houses and grounds on the west side of the Grayfriar's Church-yard, formerly belonging to George Douglas of Friar Shaw in the city of Edinburgh, that the said Magistrates and Council are to pull down and take possession of the said whole houses and grounds at the term of Whitsunday next, in this present year 1789, at which term the foresaid tenants and occupiers are to be removed from their respective possessions.

FOR PHILADELPHIA,

THE BRIGANTINE SISTERS,

JOHN GREIG Master,

Lying at Greenock, is ready to take on board goods, and will be clear to sail by the first of March at farthest.

She is a stout vessel, British built, burden about 200 tons, has a Mediterranean pass, and good accommodation for passengers.

For freight or passage, apply to Messr. Allan and Steuart in Edinburgh, Mr William Donald in Glasgow, or John Steuart and Company, Greenock.

Greenock, Jan. 29. 1789.

SALE OF A SHIP.

TO be SOLD by public roup, on Friday the 13th February, at twelve o'clock noon, within the house of Alexander M'Ritchie, vintner, North Queensferry,

THE THIRD PART OR SHARE
Of the Good Sloop
MARGARET,

And of her Boat Boat and other Furniture, formerly belonging to Andrew Swinton, late merchant in Inverkeithing, as she presently lies in the harbour of North Queensferry. Any person wishing to purchase, will be shown the vessel and inventory of her furniture, by applying to Thomas Thomson the master. The vessel is only four years old, and about 110 tons burden.

POINTER LOST.

STOLEN or STRAYED from Grange, a small liver-coloured BITCH, much spotted, answers to the name of MEGG, had on a collar with the owner's name.

If any one has found the bitch, it is requested she may be sent to Mr Biggar at Sceinnes, and, if required, a reward will be given.

COUNTY OF STIRLING.

By Desire of

The HON. CHARLES NAPIER,
ROBERT GRAHAM of *Gartmore*,
J. HAMILTON of *Bardowie*,
W. MACLAUCHLAN of *Auchintroig*,
J. CALLENDAR of *Craigforth*,
GEN. FLETCHER CAMPBELL of *Boquhan*,
JOHN MUNRO of *Auchinbowie*,
J. NAPIER of *Craiganet*,
W. FERGUSSON of *Raith*,
JOHN STIRLING of *Glorat*,
ARCH. SPIERS of *Elderslie*,
JOHN FRANCIS ERSKINE of *Mar*,
PETER SPIERS of *Culcreuch*,
ROBERT DUNMORE of *Bandalloch*,
ROBERT MUIRHEAD of *Croylechie*, Esqrs;

I Appoint a Meeting of the Noblemen, Gentlemen, Freeholders, Justices of Peace, and Commissioners of Supply, to be held at STIRLING, on *Saturday* the 14th February instant, in order to consider the propriety of Addressing his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, on his acceptance of the Regency of the British Empire.

WM. MOREHEAD Convener.

Turnpike Roads—County of Stirling.

AFTER the business mentioned in the above advertisement is over, the Convener will lay before the Commissioners, a draught of the bill which he has received from London, for an additional term to the act for the Turnpike Roads in the county of Stirling, and for some alterations agreed to by the minutes of different Meetings of the Commissioners, in order to save Gentlemen the trouble of attending another Meeting on that business.

WM. MOREHEAD Convener.

There will also be laid before the Freeholders who shall attend this meeting, a Letter addressed to the Convener, from Aberdeenshire, relative to freehold qualifications.

ROXBURGH.

AT a numerous and respectable Meeting of the Barons, Freeholders, and Commissioners of Supply of the county of Roxburgh, assembled within the Town-hall of Sedburgh, this 4th day of February 1789, by public notice in the newspapers, the following resolutions were moved and agreed to:

SIR JAMES PRINGLE, Bart. Preses.

Resolved, That the thanks of this Meeting are due to the Right Hon. *WILLIAM PITT*, for his upright conduct, and for the wise and vigorous measures which he has pursued during his Administration.

Resolved, That the thanks of this Meeting be given to the Right Honourable *WILLIAM PITT*, and to those Members of both Houses of Parliament who have uniformly supported his [illegible] conduct, during the suspension of the Royal authority, occasioned by the indisposition of our beloved Sovereign.

Resolved, That this Meeting consider it as a duty incumbent on all good subjects in the present critical situation of affairs, to come forward and publicly declare their approbation of measures, which have vindicated the right of the two Houses of Parliament to appoint a Regent and to limit his authority; a right, which, in this instance, has been exercised with the greatest wisdom and moderation, and in perfect conformity to the true principles of our constitution.

Resolved, That the thanks of this Meeting be given to Sir James Pringle, Baronet, for the trouble he has taken in this business, and that he be desired to transmit the above resolutions to Sir George Douglas, Baronet, member for the county, and to request that he would be so obliging as to wait upon Mr Pitt, and present them to him.

Resolved, That the above resolutions be published in the London, Edinburgh, and other newspapers.

JAS. PRINGLE, Prs.

Sale of Hardware, Jewellery, &c.

AT PRIME COST.

THE STOCK of GOODS belonging to PETER FORRESTER and COMPANY, as advertised formerly, continue selling off at and below prime cost, for ready money, at their Shop opposite the Cross, Edinburgh, and consist chiefly of the following articles:

Gold, Silver, Gilt, Tortoiseshell, and Shagreen Watches, of all sorts.
Sett Shoe, Knee, and Stock Buckles.
Silver, Pinchbeck, Plated, and Mourning ditto.
Gold Bracelets, Rings, and Locket Pins.
Silver and Plated Spoons, Tea-Kitchens, Tea-Pots, Sugar and Cream Basons, Bread Baskets, Castor Frames, Salts, Porter Cups, Ale Tankards, Candlesticks, Fish Knives, Sance Boats, Wine Funnels, &c. &c.
London made Brown Tea-Kitchens and Coffee Urns.
Japanned Tea-Trays, Bread-Baskets, and Waiters.
Knives and Forks, of all kinds.
Mahogany and Shagreen Cases, for Knives, Forks, & Spoons
Ladies and Gentlemens Pocket and Memorandum Books, all kinds.
Silver, Gilt, and Steel mounted Swords and Hangers.
Variety of fine Prints, in Gilt burnished Frames.
Double and Single Barrelled Guns.
Patent Spring Bayonet, Pocket and Holster Pistols.
Complete Chests of Tools for Gentlemen.
Ladies and Gentlemens Dressing Boxes.
Plated, Black Ebony, and Japanned Ink Stands.
Backgamon Tables, Playing Cards, and Dice.

The Goods are almost entirely new and fashionable, and as the whole is to be disposed of against Whitsunday first, when a Dissolution of the Copartnery takes place, the Public will find this a very favourable opportunity for supplying themselves with the above articles.

It is requested that all those *indebted* to the Company, will order payment of their accounts without delay, as they must all be settled before the Dissolution takes place.

N. B. The highest prices are given for Gold, Silver, and Lace, as usual.

To be SOLD, as formerly advertised,

THE Estate of Wester Softlaw, in

the parish of Kelso and shire of Roxburgh. It is all completely inclosed, and in the best state of cultivation, with a number of thriving plantations of timber trees. The mansion house, offices, and other houses upon the estate, are all in good repair, having been mostly built within these eight years. The estate being in the natural possession of the proprietor, except a small part on a ten years lease, which the tenant is willing to give up, the purchaser may enter to the whole at Whitsunday next.

For further particulars, apply to the proprietor, at Softlaw house, Captain Kerr of Bughtrig, Horse Wynd, Edinburgh, John Scott, writer to the signet, or Thomas Potts, writer in Kelso.

This Day is Published,

By J. SIBBALD, Parliament-square—and J. MURRAY, London—Price 1s. or 1s. 3d. by Post;

Also by Dunlop and Wilson, Glasgow; Angus and Son, Aberdeen; and W. Boyd, Dumfries,

The Edinburgh Magazine,

OR LITERARY MISCELLANY,

FOR JANUARY 1789.

(With a distant View of Dumbarton Castle.)

Containing Essays, Extracts, and Abridgments from New Books, particularly from the Foreign Publications, together with Original Articles.

CONTENTS.

Register of the weather for January—charge to Alexander Erskine of Gogar for the keeping of James VI. in the castle of Stirling—translation of a curious fragment in last magazine; letter respecting that fragment—letter from Mr Pitt to his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales; answer of his Royal Highness—anecdotes and observations in natural history—account of the life and writings of Soame Jenyns, Esq.—d'Ohsson's account of Mahometan mosques—strictures on Dr Towers's memoirs of the life and reign of Frederick the Third—succinct account of Dr S. Smith's essay on the complexion, &c. of the human species—of the art of writing; its importance and origin; general tenor and design of the arguments lately used by Opposition; sketch of Mr Fox's political conduct; Mr Sheridan's ditto—account of some late foreign literary publications—the virtuous Tsamma, a fair tale—poetry—monthly register.

SALE OF SOAP AT LEITH.

TO be SOLD by public roup, at the cellars of James M'Intyre, merchant on the shore of Leith, on Monday the 16th day of February current, at twelve o'clock mid-day,

Thirteen Chests of SOAP, in such lots as purchasers shall incline

Mr M'Intyre will show the Soap, and for the conditions of sale and other particulars, apply to Mr Grindlay auctioneer, Leith.

HOUSE AND PARKS.

To be LET either together or separately, and entered to immediately,

THE HOUSE and PARKS of DALRY, which belonged to the late Basil Cochrane, Esq; situated on the great road leading to Glasgow, about half-a-mile west from Edinburgh. The house is large and commodious, accommodated with all necessary office-houses. The parks consist of about 24 acres of exceeding rich pasture grass; and both house and parks will be shown, upon applying at the porter's lodge.

For further particulars, apply to John Tait, writer to the signet, Park-place. Edinburgh, to whom offers may be made for a purchase.

SHOPS TO LET.

To be LET, and entered to at Whitsunday next,

TWO SHOPS on the west side of *North Bridge Street*, being the first above the level of the street, and entering [illegible] of the shops has a large back room behind it. The southmost of the two shops is 28 feet long by 22 feet broad, and the room behind it, 20 feet long by 14 feet broad.—The northmost shop is 28 feet long by 18 feet broad, and the room behind it 19 feet long by 14 feet broad. There is a Cellar to be let with each of the two shops, and the north shop may have a back door, entering by the scale stairs in Miln's Square.——Apply to John Tait, writer to the signet, Park-Place.

A House, Gardens, and Parks, to Set,

In the County of Tweedale.

To be LET for such a number of years as may be agreed on, and entered to at Whitsunday next,

THE Dwelling-house of KAILZIE, fit for the accommodation of a large family, pleasantly situated on the banks of the river Tweed, about 23 miles from Edinburgh, and 2 miles below Peebles, (a remarkable good market town) with two Gardens, a Pigeon-house, and convenient set of Office-houses; as also seven Inclosures, all, or any part of which that the tenant chuses to take for his accommodation, will be set to him along with the house. [illegible]

For other particulars, enquire at Mrs Kennedy at Kailzie, John Orr, Esq; of Barrowfield, at Glasgow, or at James Baillie at the Stamp Office, Edinburgh.

To be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 11th day of February 1789, at six o'clock in the evening.

THAT House and Garden at Broughton LOANHEAD, belonging to and possessed by Mr Malcolm Ogilvy, late merchant in Edinburgh. The garden consists of about half an acre; and, from its situation, may be feued out to great advantage for building on.

The greatest part of the price may remain in the purchaser's hands, upon proper security being given.

The progress of writs and articles of roup to be seen in the hands of Alexander Nairne, accountant in Edinburgh, to whom intending offerers may apply for further particulars.

To be Sold by public roup, within the British Coffeehouse, Bristo street, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 18th day of February 1789, at six afternoon,

THat Tenement of Land, consisting of three stories and garrets, with the back ground, weavers factory, bakehouse, and oven, situated at the head of the Pleasance, Edinburgh, which lately belonged to Joseph Mack.

The progress of writs and conditions of sale to be seen in the hands of David Clark, solicitor at law.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

TO BE SOLD,

SEveral Stories in the three large Tenements lying on the east side of St Patrick's Square, Edinburgh, lately built by Archibald and Aikman, each storey consisting of four rooms, bed closets, kitchen, and cellars, and having the privilege of the square, back ground, well, and other conveniencies.—As also, the Attic Storey in the north east corner of St Patrick Street, and the two stories immediately under the same; each storey consisting of five rooms, bed closets, kitchen, and cellars.—And also that Lodging in the great tenement next the Chapel of Ease, on the south side thereof, consisting of five rooms, kitchen, and cellar, lately possessed by Mrs Johnston.

Likewise to be Sold, Four Flats of the New Land on the east side of St Andrew's Street, Leith, each flat consisting of four rooms, kitchen, and other conveniencies.

David Clark solicitor at law, or Archibald and Aikman, St Patrick's Square, will inform as to particulars, and treat with any intending to purchase.

GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES.

R. SCOTT, DRUGGIST and APOTHECARY, South-Bridge, Edinburgh, presents most grateful thanks to his Friends and the Public for their continued favours, begs leave to inform them, That he has just received the following articles, which he recommends as genuine, being procured either from the Patentees or their Successors.

Dr Anderson's Pills.	Juniper's Essence of Peppermint.
Dr James's Fever Powder.	Ætherial Anodyne Spirit.
Dr James's Analeptic Pills.	Speediman's Stomach Pills.
Dr James's Cattle Powder.	Essential Salt of Lemons.
Dr Hooper's Female Pills.	Ormskirk Medicine.
Dr Steers's Opodeldoc.	Ditto for Brutes.
Dr Steers's Oil for convulsions	The Cephalic Snuff.
Dr Stoughton's Elixir.	Beaume de Vie.
Glais's Magnesia.	Samaritan Water.
Greenough's Lozenges of Tolu.	Daffy's Elixir.
Greenough's Tinctures for [illegible] in the gums.	Godfrey's Cordial.
Forbes's Lozenges for coughs.	Turlington's Balsam.
Hazel-burn Lozenges.	Riga Balsam.
Godbold's Vegetable Balsam.	Corn Plaisters.
Oriental Vegetable Cordial.	Pure Refined Liquorice.
Sir J. Hill's Balsam of Honey	Scots true Liquid Blue for dying and cleaning silks.

BRITISH STATE LOTTERY,

Begins drawing the 16th February 1789, and is the first that ever had a CAPITAL PRIZE of

THIRTY THOUSAND POUNDS,

BESIDES

One	of	L. 25,000	Five	of	L. 5000
One	—	20,000	Eleven	—	2000
One	—	15,000	Twenty-five	—	1000
Two	—	10,000	Thirty	—	500

THE TICKETS AND SHARES,

In Halves, Quarters, Eighths, and Sixteenths,

Stamped and secured pursuant to Act of Parliament are sold and registered by

WHITE AND MITCHEL,

At the Licensed State Lottery Office opposite to the Tron Church, Edinburgh,

On account of Messr. Richardson & Goodluck, London;

Where, and at this Office,

THE MOST CAPITAL PRIZES

have been sold,

And no where else in Scotland on their account.

Money for the prizes will be paid here at current value so soon as drawn, or, agreeable to act of Parliament, in June 1789, without any deduction.

Correspondents may have tickets or shares sent, on remitting bills at sight or a short date.

Schemes to be had Gratis at this Office.

Letters, post paid, duly answered.

SALE OF GREENLAND STORES,

At Queensferry, Friday the 13th current.

To be SOLD by public sale,

ALL the FISHING UTENSILS, with the Casks, Boats, &c. of the Ship [illegible] one or separate lots, as purchasers may incline.

For particulars, apply to John Taylor, merchant there.

Queensferry } Not to be repeated.
Feb. 6. 1789. }

ISLE OF MAY LIGHTS.

TO be LET, by public roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 25th February 1789, at two o'clock afternoon,

THE DUTIES payable for the Isle of May Lights, on a lease of ten years from Whitsunday 1790.

The proprietor is at the expence of maintaining the Lighthouse and the Lights.

The articles of roup will be shown by Mr Erskine, clerk to the signet.

NOTICE

To the HERITORS of the PARISH of KILWINNING.

IN the Process of Locality at the instance of the Minister of Kilwinning against the Heritors, the Lord Swinton, Ordinary, by his interlocutor of 24th January last, ordained their lands, if they any have, in the clerk's hands, betwixt and the 1st day of March next; with certification, that no rights will thereafter be received, except upon payment with each of an amand of 20 s. Sterling, to the common agent, towards defraying expence of process; and appointed the common agent to intimate this order in the Edinburgh Newspapers.

FARM TO BE LET IN THE EAST OF FIFE.

To be Let, for 19 years, and entered to at Martinmas 1789.

THE North Quarter of Kilrennie,

consisting of 170 Scots acres of arable land, of a strong deep soil, lying close to the boroughs of Kilrenny, Cellardykes, and Anstruther.

Proposals may be directed to Mr Beatson, at Lochgelly, by Kinghorn, or William Bethune, Esq. at Balfour, by Leven, the proprietor, who will give every encouragement, by inclosing or otherways, to a substantial tenant.

The present tenant will show the grounds.

A Villa on the Water of Leith.

TO BE SOLD,

THE HOUSE, OFFICES, and LANDS of LOGIE-GREEN, lying near Canonmills, situated on the banks of the Water of Leith.

The house is large, and fit to accommodate a genteel family, the two principal rooms being 24 by 18 feet, and a proper height of roof.

The grounds consist of about 13 acres, of which betwixt seven and eight are property, paying a very moderate feu, and the remainder are under a lease, which does not expire until the 1806. They are laid out in grass, with shrubbery, and a good kitchen garden, inclosed by a high wall, covered with a number of fruit trees of the best kinds.

The house may be seen every Tuesday and Friday, from eleven forenoon till three afternoon.

For further particulars, apply to Mr Marshall, writer to the signet.

TO BE SOLD.

THAT House being the second and third Stories of the Scale stairs in the Old Assembly Close, connected by a handsome Mahogany Stair within.

The house consists of a dining room and drawing room, each 23 feet by 16—eight bed rooms—kitchen, larder, and pantry—with two good garrets and three cellars.

The kitchen is fitted with a perpetual oven and w[illegible] pipe, and the whole subject is insured in the Friend[illegible] Insurance Office upon the old plan, and the premium paid up.

The house to be seen every Tuesday and Friday from twelve to two o'clock.

For particulars, apply to Mr Scott, banker, second door [illegible] the stair.

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE, *Feb.* 3.

Kew, February 3.

HIS Majesty passed yesterday quietly, has had a good night, and is much as usual this morning.

Caserta, January 6.

On Thursday last, the Infant Don Genaro, second son of their Sicilian Majesties, died of the small pox, in the ninth year of his age,

LLOYD's LIST.—*Feb.* 3.

THE New Jersey, Robinson, from St Ubes to New York, in ballast, is lost on the coast of Portugal, near St Ubes. The crew and some of the ship's materials saved.

The Sarah, Budleman, from Bremen to Charleston, is totally lost on Charleston Bar; the crew only saved.

The Roebuck packet, from Jamaica, on the 10th of December, spoke the Lord Rodney, Simpson, for Jamaica, all well.

The Robert and Betty, of Belfast, Captain Kelly, from Jamaica to Belfast, was drove into Havannah, and there condemned.

The Polly, Murphy, from London to Limerick, is towed into Beerhaven dismasted, and in great distress.

Captain Kerr of the Birmingham, arrived at Bristol, spoke the Elizabeth, of London, from Liverpool to New York, 24th December, lat. 37. 18. N. long. 65. 41. W. January 8. spoke the Nancy, of London, from Halifax to Leghorn, out nine days, lat. 42. N. long. 44. W.

The Joyce, Dolland, from Figuera to Dartmouth, is lost at Figuera.

Canada, Sewel, from Jamaica to London, on the 4th of January, in great distress, having thrown part of her cargo overboard.

MAILS.

Arrived—Ireland, 1.—New York, 1.
Due—Ireland, 10.

PARLIAMENTARY INTELLIGENCE.

HOUSE OF LORDS.

MONDAY, *Feb.* 2.

The Lord Chancellor continuing indisposed, Earl Bathurst again presided for him.

Upon motion, the Masters in Chancery were sent down to the Commons, to desire a conference in the Painted Chamber; which being agreed to, the following noble Peers were appointed to manage it on the part of their Lordships:

The Marquis of Stafford,
Earl of Pomfret,
Bishop of Salisbury,
Bishop of Exeter,
Bishop of St David's,
Lord Amherst,
Lord Sydney,
And Lord Dover.

The conference was held for the purpose of informing the House of Commons of the Resolution for appointing a commission to open Parliament, which they had passed on Saturday.

Their Lordships being returned, the House instantly adjourned.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

MONDAY, *Feb.* 2.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer having come down to the House, about half after four o'clock, presented the answer, given by his Royal Highness to the Address, which he was ordered by the House to present.

The Earl of *Courtown* also presented the answer, given to the address of the House, to her Majesty, which was also received.

The Clerk read the resolution, which was a transcript of the writ usually issued under the sign manual, empowering Commissioners to open and hold the King's Parliament at Westminster, &c. The Commissioners nominated in their Lordships resolution, were the Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord Chancellor, the Lords President and Privy Seal, Lords Chatham, Weymouth, and some other Officers of State.

The *Chancellor of the Exchequer* moved, that the same be referred to the Committee appointed to sit on the state of the nation; being seconded,

Mr *Brandling* rose to express his concern, that any thing which had dropt from him on a former debate, should give rise to the many unhandsome reports, which had gone abroad to his disadvantage.

The order of the day being read, for the House to go into a Committee on the state of the nation, and

Mr *Brook Watson* having taken the chair,

The *Chancellor of the Exchequer* was of opinion, that during the suspension of the Royal authority, no person had a right to act in the operative capacity, without the approbation of the two Houses of Parliament; and this opinion he declared to be the sentiment of a large majority of the House. The rights and duty of both Houses being thus constitutionally and justly ascertained, it must be admitted, that for the welfare of the King, it was necessary, that the defect in the executive branch of the government should be immediately replaced; on this subject two questions would naturally arise.—The first was respecting the passing of a bill without the Royal Assent—and the second question was, how that assent was to be produced. In the first instance, the absolute necessity of taking such a step qualified the measure; and as to the second, the Great Seal, he insisted, in the present situation of public affairs, was the highest organ to be consulted to insure the harmony of public measures. If, during the health of the King, the Lord Chancellor has made an improper use of the Great Seal, contrary to his Sovereign's wishes, still the act would be binding by law; and though he may be punished by act of Parliament, still the instrument would not be invalid.

The *Chancellor of the Exchequer*, after proceeding at large in the question, and entering into a repetition of those arguments which have been already repeated to the Public, moved, "That it was the opinion of the House, that it should agree to the resolution which had been referred to them by their Lordships."

Mr *Dempster* said, The resolution before the House only went to empower the opening of Parliament, and wished to know whether was there not to be another commission issued to give the royal assent to the bill, and thereby deprive the Regent of exercising that branch of his prerogative? From what dropt from the Right Hon. Gentleman he thought the question almost needless, though he had not avowed his intentions.

The *Chancellor of the Exchequer* admitted, that a second commission was in contemplation.

Mr *Dempster* thought, that the second commission was going a step beyond that necessity which was the plea of the Right Hon. Gentleman. He adverted to the precedent produced respecting the Duke of Gloster. He was, he confessed, considered as acting for the King; but he had also the power of giving his negative or his dissent. He insisted, that the Right Hon. Gentleman had departed widely in every instance throughout this business, from the principles of the constitution. If, after granting one commission, the House was to grant another to supply its defect, it may go on granting commission after commission, and the session, without doing any one proper act, last to eternity. He said, if any amendment was made, he would be happy to support it, to get rid of so unconstitutional a measure.

The *Master of the Rolls* said, He could not speak to the amendment until it had been made.

Mr *Dempster* replied, that he would certainly make one, but that he thought so important a business [illegible] of more discernment and importance than himself.

Lord *North* said, with respect to the Great Seal, it was about to be used in a business the most unconstitutional that could possibly be imagined. According to the spirit of the constitution, if the Great Seal was used without the King's authority or approbation, he insisted it would be such a record as any man might dispute. The acts of the Regent, as possessing his power from this unconstitutional aid might be disputed, and endless confusion must ensue.

He said, the minister had carried his jealousy too far. There was something more than jealousy. He feared it was ministerial craft that disdained any respect for the constitution of the country. His Lordship confessed how much he was rejoiced when he read the letter of his Royal Highness, full of sentiments the most noble that ever adorned a prince. But he was more rejoiced, as it did away the false alarms which spread through the country, and which proceeded from an abstract proposition, which had been made an instrument by the Right Honourable Gentleman, to carry on his unconstitutional schemes. His Royal Highness had disclaimed any position of right to the regency in that letter. Edinburgh and Glasgow must have been transported at the intelligence, who had stept forward so constitutionally to reprobate the idea. The Prince nor his friends never presumed on that right, and the country, he hoped, was now convinced of it. Here his Lordship took a retrospect of the business, and with his usual facility displayed infinite wit in ridiculing the whole plan of proceeding.

Lord *John Townsend* said, in replacing the executive [illegible] House was going, by a commission, to give the King's consent: he asked for what purpose was that consent to be given? For the purpose, says he, of mutilating the powers of the representative of the Sovereign, who is shorn of his powers, and rendered a mere cypher.

Mr *Elliott* spoke in favour of the resolution.

The *Attorney General* combated Lord North's arguments with much legal knowledge. He also adverted to what had fallen from the noble Lord in the blue ribbon respecting the people of Glasgow and Edinburgh, whom, he said, his Lordship treated with derision——here was a general cry of (no, no.)

Lord *North* rose to explain—he denied that any thing which dropt from him could be considered as derision towards the people of Edinburgh or Glasgow. He said, they had no reason to be alarmed at what never happened, there could be no end to their alarms; when they saw precedent grow into precedent, and multiply till they at length effectually overturned the constitution.

The *Chancellor of the Exchequer* observed, that the House did not keep strictly to the question before it. The noble Lord wished to make an impression that did not arise from the circumstances of the case. He had no doubt, but that the country would be agreeably surprised, when they read the gracious answer of his Royal Highness. But he would appeal to the memory of every Gentleman, who was present on a former debate, that if the right of the Prince to assume the Regency was not asserted by himself, that still it was by his friends, and in a manner retracted. [Here was a general cry of No, No.] Then, says he, they are unwilling to retract a position, at the same time they are afraid to avow it. He was happy, however, to hear testimony, that if there was any man bold enough to give such unconstitutional advice, yet there was a Prince of the House of Brunswick who had too great a veneration for the constitution, to hearken to it: and this should be a matter of joy, but not of surprise.

Mr *Burke* replied with much force to the insinuation of the Minister—that persons on that side of the House had advanceed opinions which though they were unwilling to retract, they were yet ashamed to avow. The question of right which was evidently alluded to, he said, the Right Hon. Gentleman was perfectly in the right to attack, at a time when the proposer of it was absent through indisposition! It was similar to the other parts of the Minister's conduct. He attacked the prerogatives of the Crown, when the personal exercise was interrupted—he had attacked his honourable friend, when he knew that he could not meet with a reply. He seemed to delight in the weakness of an adversary, and would ravage no frontier but what he found defenceless. But this, Mr Burke said, should not serve any purpse: the right of the Prince, tho' it had not lately been mentioned, was by no means abandoned; he spoke only of that right which, as his Right Hon. Friend (Mr Fox) had stated, was subject to the adjudication of Parliament. This was a right which had not been opposed even by the Minister, for in the resolution which had passed the House, it was merely asserted that the right of nominating the proper person was vested in the two Houses of Parliament, but there was no person who would say that this right of nominating, and the right of the Prince to be nominated, were not propositions perfectly compatible with each other! — If the Crown was vacated by the Monarch being reconciled to the Romish persuasion, or if it was abdicated as at the time of the Revolution, there was no person who would say that the right did not immediately vest in the Prince; yet there was no person who would say that the throne should in these cases be filled without the enquiry and consequent adjudication of the two Houses of Parliament.

Adverting then to the late city meetings, for the purpose of moving the address, &c. Mr Burke said, that after giving to well earned property all its merited consequence, he should say, that if persons stept forward on such an occasion, their conduct (and it differed not whether they were *Paupers* or *Bank-Directors)* was open to enquiry. The Right Hon. Gentleman opposite him had received their thanks for what he had effected throughout the empire.—There was, however, one part of that empire, where, unfortunately for that resolution, the Right Hon. Gentleman had effected nothing. He meant to allude, he said, to the present situation of Ireland. It was not to be imagined, he said, that a nation, free, loyal, and magnanimous, and in the first fervours of its independence, should meekly submit to any system, merely because that system had been proposed by the Parliament of England. This was so far from being a ground of eulogy, that it was in fact one of the strongest reasons which could be urged against the present measures. The two kingdoms being totally dissociated, had no common bond of union save the unity of the crown, and this bond had been dissevered, or attempted to be dissevered by the Minister, in the instant when he had said, that the Prince of Wales had no more right to the supreme authority than any other individual.—With respect to the tenacity with which the persons now in power adhered to office, even to their last grasp, Mr Burke observed, that their solicitude for a delay was apparent in every measure. The important business of the resolution had been accomplished in *sixteen days*—from the 26th of December to the 12th of January following. The present business had been before the House for more than *two months*, and they were now debating on the very first measure which could be attended with the smallest degree of effect. This fondness for power appeared more particularly in the conduct of the Minister. He appeared in the situation of the malefactor described by the Poet:

"He oft handled the rope, often traversed the cart,
"And as often took leave—but was loth to depart!"

The pretext, he remarked, which was urged as the most colourable for these delays, was the state and feelings of the King on his recovery. For this, as if flattery could sooth *the dull cold ear of death*, they were to insult the sensibility of the Prince, for the sake of one who may never be sensible. They were [illegible] embrace its forms! They were to form a political chaos, in the hope that order may thence be reproduced! They were to introduce an instrument, which, though *prima facie* a proof of the Royal Assent, would prove, on due examination, to be an absolute *forgery!*

Mr Rolle, Mr Sheridan, Mr Wyndham, and the Master of the Rolls, also spoke. After which, the question being put, the Resolution was carried without a division.

The House being resumed, the report was received, and a motion made by the Minister for a conference with the Lords, to communicate the result, it was also carried without opposition.

Mr *Pitt* gave notice, that to-morrow, as soon as the conference, &c. had taken place, he should move for leave to bring in the Regency bill, in consequence of the Resolution which had passed the House.

The NEW SPEAKER.

Mr *Grenville* then said, that before he put the question of adjournment, he should state a few words respecting the situation in which he had been placed by the House. It had been the usage with his predecessors, that whenever the Parliament was opened, either by his Majesty, or by a Commission, the Speaker should apologize for his own unfitness; that he should claim the privileges of the House, viz. the freedom of debate, and the exemption from arrests; and that, in the third place, he should claim a favourable interpretation of his own conduct. The second of these particulars, he observed, should now be dispensed with, as they were not in the commencement of a Parliament. With respect to the other two, he wished for the direction of the House. He thought, however, that the conduct of the Speakers, at the epochs of the Restoration and Revolution, should be as a guidance for his conduct, at neither of which periods, was any thing formally said on those topics.

Mr *Pitt* approved of that line of conduct, which had suggested itself to the mind of the Speaker.

Mr *Burke* said, that from their first departure from the line of the constitution, they found themselves perpetually involved in new difficulties! They were now compelled to resort to the Revolution to justify their choice of a Speaker, though the precedent had been rejected, when they were debating on the choice of a Regent. They had before degraded their own judgments, by agreeing to the establishment of that *Phantasma* which was to give the Royal Assent. They were now farther to degrade the House, by sending their Speaker to be approved of by this Phantom!

A short conversation took place, and at Ten o'clock the House adjourned.

HOUSE OF LORDS.

TUESDAY, *Feb.* 3.

Earl Bathurst again presided for the Lord Chancellor.

A conference with the Commons took place at their request in the Painted Chamber, and was conducted in the usual manner.

On their Lordships return Sir Francis Molineux was sent down to request the attendance of the Commons, for the purpose of opening the Parliament, by commission, agreeable to the late Resolution of the two Houses. The Speaker and several members appearing at the bar, Lord Bathurst, addressed them nearly as follows:

"Gentlemen of the House of Commons;

"It devolves on me, in the absence of a great personage to inform you, that in pursuance of the resolution that has passed both Houses of Parliament, the Great Seal has been affixed to the Commission for opening the Parliament; you are therefore called upon for your assistance to provide, in such manner as your wisdom may think meet, during his Majesty's illness, for the exigency of public affairs, and for the benefit of the nation."

Adjourned till Monday.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

TUESDAY, *Feb.* 3.

OPENING OF THE PARLIAMENT.

At half after three o'clock the House met, and conferred with the House of Lords in the painted Chamber, when their Lordships were informed, that the Resolution which had passed in the House of Peers, for the purpose of supplying the deficiency, &c. &c. had been carried without a division in the Commons.

The House having returned, Sir Francis Molineux (Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod) delivered a message from their Lordships, requiring the attendance of the House, for the purpose of opening the Parliament. The Commons having waited on their Lordships, and returned, the Speaker took the Chair.

The *Chancellor of the Exchequer* rose and said, that he thought it necessary, for the purpose of preventing any Member from mistaking the speech which had been made by Lord Bathurst, that the same should be read; which being done,

Several motions of course were made and carried.

Leave was then given to the Chancellor of the Exchequer to bring in a bill to-morrow, "for the purpose of providing for the deficiency in the executive branch of the government, and for the care of the Royal person during the continuance of his Majesty's illness;" and a Committee was appointed to prepare the same. Adjourned.

LONDON,——FEB. 4.

The Physicians now wait upon his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, at Carleton House, daily, after their return from the consultation at Kew.

The Lord Chancellor was last night much better. The progress made by the two Houses relative to the Commission during his Lordship's absence, will in all probability conduce to the re-establishment of his health.

Yesterday evening a select number of Members of [illegible] visited [illegible] Duke of York, at his house at Whithall.

Monday last, James Ferguson, Esq; of Pitfour, took his seat in the House of Commons, for Banffshire.

Lately was married at Paris, the Right Hon. Lord Rosehill, to Miss Kicketts, daughter of Wm. Henry Ricketts, Esq; of Longwood, in the county of Hants.

A Court of Directors was held at the East-India House this day at noon, to consider of engaging some more ships for China this season.

Last night arrived a mail from Flanders. The principal advices brought by it are—The Doge of Venice died on the 8th of January. He was elected January 14, 1779, and born in November 1719.—The Emperor has, by a message to the States of Brabant, expressed his dissatisfaction at their refusing him the customary grants; and he has told them that they must not claim the benifits of the *Joyeuse Entree*, or Solemn Compact, between him (as Duke of Brabant) and the people. They have requested that he will forget what has happened; and this request has been sent to Vienna.

Letters just received from Barbadoes advise, that the transports with the two battalions of the 60th regiment of foot, arrived there about the middle of last December, after a very fine passage of six weeks; that one battalion immediately disembarked for the relief of that island, and that the other landed after in the isle of Antigua; all the troops were remarkably healthy.

PRICE of STOCKS, FEB. 4.

Bank Stock, —	3 per cent. India Ann. —
New 4 per cent. 1777, 93¾ a ⅞.	India Bonds, —
5 per cent. Ann. 1785, 109⅝ [illegible]	South Sea Stock, —
3 per cent. red. 72⅝ a ⅞.	Ditto Old Ann. —
3 per cent. con. 72¼.	Ditto New Ann. —
3 per cent. 1726, —	½ per cent. 1751, —
Long Ann. 21 11-16ths a 13-16ths.	New Navy and Victualling Bills, —
Ditto Short 1778 and 1779, —	Exch. Bills, —
India Stock, —	Lottery Tickets, 15 l. 10 s. a 10 s. 6 d
	Irish Tickets, —

WIND AT DEAL, FEB. 3. S. W.

BANKRUPT.

Richard Walford of Uxbridge, in the county of Middlesex, money-scrivenor.—Richard Friend, formerly of Liquorpond-street, in the parish of St Andrew, Holborn, in the county of Middlesex, and late of the Surrey Road, Blackfriars, in the county of Surrey, dealer—George Christopher Degen, of the Holy Trinity, in the county and city of Exeter, merchant.—John Gilbert of Tunbridge Wells, in the county of Kent, linen-draper—Joseph Stafford of the Borough of Southwark, in the county of Surrey, hosier.—Joseph Morton of Lime-street, Fenchurch-street, London, rum and brandy merchant.—Anthony Johnson of the town and county of Newcastle upon Tyne, hatter and hosier.—Thomas Pest, late of Red-lion-street, Clerkenwell, in the county of Middlesex, clock-maker.—George Garrett of Kennington, in the county of Surrey, baker.—George Rowe of Portsmouth, in the county of Southampton, apothecary.—Eleanor Morris, of the parish of St Martin, in the city of Worcester, vintner.—Samuel Kilby of Broad-street, St Giles, in the county of Middlesex, salesman—Philip Leigh and John Leigh of Dartmouth, in the county of Devon, merchants and copartners.

EDINBURGH.

Kew House, Feb. 4.

"His Majesty passed yesterday quietly, has had a very good night, and is calm this morning."

G. Baker.
J. R. Reynolds.
F. Willis.

On the 29th ult. was married at Aberdeen, Alexander Harvey, of Broadland, Esq; to Miss Mary Morison, youngest daughter of the deceased Mr James Morison, in Terreglestoun.

Mrs Hay of Mountblairy was safely delivered of a son at Haymount, upon Sunday the 1st current.

William Hamilton, Esq; late Paymaster to the Forces on the Madras Establishment, died there on the 27th of May last.

On the 28th ult. died, at Crunan, in Perthship, Mrs Blair, of Crunan.

Died at Bebeggie, in the parish of Kinnoul, on the 26th January last, John Patullo, aged 106 years. He retained all his faculties till the very last.

HIGH COURT OF JUSTICIARY.

Yesterday the High Court of Justiciary met, in order to determine on the informations given in for the Lord Advocate and Thomas Hall, indicted at his Lordship's instance for the crime of swindling.—The indictment is laid on an act passed in the 30th year of George II. and also on the common law of the land. It was in the view of determining, by a *solemn decision*, whether the above statute extended to Scotland, that the informations were ordered.—Their Lordships delivered their sentiments at some length, and were unanimously of opinion, that the act was neither meant, nor did extend to Scotland; they therefore pronounced an interlocutor, finding the libel not relevant on the statute, but found it relevant to infer the pains of law, in so far as founded on the common law, and ordained the trial to proceed on Monday morning at nine o'clock.

A petition was presented and read for James Graham, convicted on his own confession of the crime of extorting sums of money from different persons upon false pretences, and for which he was sentenced to be transported for seven years, and his service adjudged for five of these years. The petition stated the great hardships he had suffered, by being so long confined in prison, and prayed that he might be allowed to transport himself from Great Britain and Ireland for the time which is yet to run of the seven years since the date of the sentence against him. The Lords were all of opinion, that the sufferings of the petitioner deserved commiseration; but that it was not in their power to grant the relief prayed for. They regretted that Government had so long delayed fixing upon a proper place for the reception of transported felons, as it was not only attended with peculiar severity upon the convicts themselves, but also was a great hardship upon the Royal Burghs of Scotland who had the maintenance of them. For these reasons, the Lord Justice Clerk observed he had avoided, as much as possible, pronouncing sentences of transportation, and should continue to do so, till such time as a remedy was devised.

We are informed, that in addition to many other acts of public munificence, William Ramsay, of Barnton, Esq; has paid to the Treasurer of the Royal Infirmary, One Hundred Pounds Sterling, to be applied to the charitable purposes of that humane institution.

Messr. Campbell, Thomson, and Co. bankers in Stirling, have given five guineas, to be distributed amongst the industrious poor of that town, who receive nothing from any other fund, for buying coals, &c.

On Tuesday, Sir Philip Ainslie, Bart. of Comely-bank, gave five pounds to the poor of Dean and Water of Leith.

Thursday, the Treasurer to the Society for the relief of the Industrious Poor received five guineas from the Lord Advocate, and five guineas from the Cape Club.—Such exertions in the cause of humanity reflect much credit on the donors; and we are authorised to observe, that such has been the liberality of the public to the above institution, as to render further benefactions, for the present, unnecessary. The Society should publish an account of their receipts, expenditure, and the balance on hand, for the satisfaction of the contributors.

A charitably disposed gentleman has sent three guineas to the Clergymen of the new Episcopal chapel, to be distributed among the poor.

A well disposed Lady in the neighbourhood of Crieff, sent two guineas to one of the members of the Kirk Session, to be distributed among the poor of that parish during the late storm.

One of the Magistrates, on reviewing the list of prisoners in the tolbooth, found in it a poor dancing-master laid *by the heels* for the small sum of two shillings and ten pence halfpenny. He was immediately sent for, and after some questions, his debts and charges were paid, and a new stock advanced him to begin the world. Several other small unfortunate debtors of good character were discharged.

At the debate in the Pantheon of Thursday last, on the question, "Is the Theatre of more benefit or prejudice to Society?" the Company was genteel and respectable—15 Speeches were delivered—The question was decided against the Theatre, by a considerable majority.—*Vide Advertisement in this night's paper.*

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Jamaica, dated Dec. 5. to his friend at Edinburgh.

"We have fine appearances here now for the ensuing crop, and as all danger of hurricanes is over. I hope the country will be in a flourishing condition by next year.

"Prince William Henry arrived here about three weeks ago, in the Andromeda frigate, and has been making some stir amongst us. Several elegant entertainments have been given him, and some still to come. The French frigate l'Aigrette arrived here also a few days ago; but her business, if any, does not seem generally known; some say, to invite the Prince to visit Cape Francois. She was eleven days out from that place, partly on a cruize."

Extract of a letter from Dundee, Feb. 4.

"Last week, a boy of about fourteen years of age was imprisoned here, for abstracting a bill of 22 l. value from a letter which he took from the letter-hole of the Post Office, by fixing some paste or pitch in the hole; and by this means the letters stuck before they reached the box below. He resorted to the hole at night, and carried away all the letters that stuck, and afterwards opened them. Such as had not bills or notes inclosed he tore. He had been in the practice of this for some time past; and the discovery was made in consequence of his having sent the bill to Edinburgh, when it was payable, with the indorser's name scratched out, and his own put down after. This occasioned suspicion; and the man who held the bill wrote here, which caused him to be apprehended."

Extract of a letter from Inverary, Jan. 29.

"Yesterday came on, before the Sheriff-depute of Argyleshire, a trial for the crime of deforcement against John Mackellar in Kilmun, and ten women in that neighbourhood. In the course of the trial, it appeared, that Alexander Mackinlay, constable, and his party, were deforced against a warrant granted by a Justice of the Peace for committing persons accused of sheep-stealing. The jury returned a verdict, finding unanimously all the women guilty, and John Mackellar also guilty by a plurality of voices. The Sheriff banished Mackellar the county for seven years, and adjudged some of the women to be imprisoned until Sunday first, and then brought to the door of the Highland Church of Inveraray, and there, at the dismissing of the congregation, to stand for half an hour with their caps off, their hair hanging down, ropes round their middles, their hands tied behind them, and labels on their foreheads, with their names, and these words in writing—*For ressetting sheep-stealers.* The Sheriff also adjudged others of the women more culpable to be confined in prison for twelve days, until the next Sunday thereafter, and on that day to be brought from the prison to the pillory, and there be put in the juggs, and continued therein for one hour after dismission of the congregation assembled in the Highland Church; and appointed that the whole of these women find caution to keep the peace for seven years, each under the penalty of 100 merks Scots."

Extract of a letter from Aberdeen, Feb. 2.

"On Wednesday last, Mary Gordon, from Dundee, who was lately imprisoned for stealing a cloak, was banished from this county, under the usual certifications.

"On Friday morning, John Wilson from Auchterless, was found dead at the foot of the Castle-hill. On enquiry by the Magistrates, it appeared he had been delirious. His body was inspected by physicians, and afterwards, by order of the Magistrates, decently interred."

An Heritor of Canongate in our next.

Thermometer and Barometer since our last:

			Ther.	Bar.
Thursday,	*Feb.* 5.	8 P. M.	35	29.10
Friday,	6.	8 A. M.	38	29.10
		8 P. M.	38	29.10
Saturday,	7.	8 A. M.	37	29.25

PRICES OF GRAIN AT HADDINGTON, Feb. 6.

	First.	Second.	Third.
Wheat,	23 s. 0 d.	21 s. 6 d.	20 s. 0 d.
Barley,	14 9	13 6	11 0
Oats,	10 0	9 0	7 6
Pease,	10 0	9 0	7 4
Beans,	10 6	0 0	0 0

ARRIVED AT LEITH,

Feb. 5. Peggy and Elizabeth, Wood, from London, goods.
6. Lady Grant, Malcolm, from Aberdeen, goods.
7. Ann, Kidd, from Wilbeach, grain.
Two Sloops with coals.

SAILED,

Nancy, Napier, for Montrose, goods.
Rachel, Scotland, for London, goods.

PANTHEON.

THE Society of the Pantheon will debate the following questions in their order:

Feb 12. 1789. (By particular desire) "Whether has personal beauty been the source of more happiness or misery to the fair sex?"

Feb 19. "Whether is the power of wealth, power, or fame, most predominant in mankind?"

Feb. 26. "Whether are the trophies of war, or those of learning, more glorious?

N. B. On the above question the best Orator will be entitled to a GOLD MEDAL. Every person to pay.—The Galleries open to Ladies only. No read speeches admitted.

March 5th, "Has eloquence been more useful or hurtful to mankind?"

N. B After this debate, the Gold Medal will be delivered.

Marmalade Oranges, Wax Lights, &c.

JUST arrived, at the warehouse of James Sheppard and Company, No. 22, South Bridge, Bitter Oranges in high perfection for Marmalade, Seville China Oranges, Lemons, and Chesnuts, Spermaceti Lights very best quality, best Wax Lights, Flambeaux, Green and White Tapers, Anchovies, Florence Oil, Durham Mustard in bottles of a superior quality, Currants, Bloom and Muscatell Raisins, Jordan Almonds, Pistachio Nuts, Cornish's Refined Liquorice, Transparent English Peppermint Drops, Minorca Honey, Pure Scots Honey, 5 s. 6 s. and finest 8 s. per pint.

SOUTH BRIDGE STREET.

To be LET, and entered into at Whitsunday first,

SUNDRY Elegant SHOPS, WARE ROOMS, and DWELLING-HOUSES on the South Bridge.

All the ware-rooms have one room adjoining, and some have two. The whole have iron safes, and would answer very well for counting-houses, advocates chambers, or shops.

Apply to Mr John Peat writer in Edinburgh, who will sell any part of the above by private bargain, if purchasers offer.

N. B. Part of the premises may be entered to immediately.

Also to be LET, That Great Warehouse or Counting-house opposite the Luckenbooths, head of Writer's Court, at present occupied as an auction room.

TO LET FURNISHED,

A Neat HOUSE and GARDEN at Silver-mills, about a quarter of a mile from St Andrew's Square, for six months from the first of May next, consisting of dining-room, parlour, six bed-chambers, two kitchens, (in one of which there is an oven) a lumber room, two cellars, bed place for three servants, four light and ten dark closets—the whole furnished in a genteel manner. There is also a wash-house and a servants room above, with a spring well—The garden is well laid out, and planted with the best kind of fruit trees. The place is within three minutes walk of St Bernard's Well.

The house to be seen on Tuesdays and Fridays only, between twelve and two o'clock.

Apply to Mr Lamb upholsterer.

HOUSE IN GEORGE STREET.

To be LET, and entered to at Whitsunday next,

THAT HOUSE on the south side of George Street, next the Assembly Rooms, formerly possessed by Sir William Forbes, baronet, and now by Mr Robertson Scott. Three of the rooms are very elegant, with Venetian windows. There is complete back ground, in which is a pump-well of good water. Enquire at the printing-office.

INN AND FARM IN MID-LOTIAN.

To be LET, and entered to immediately,

THE INN and FARM of LITTLEVANAGE twelve miles west from Edinburgh, and the first stage on the high road from Edinburgh to Lanark and Ayr. The tenant may have from 50 to 100 acres of Land adjoining to the inn, a great part of which was laid down last year in sown grass. It is near lime, and well situated for shooting and fishing.

Apply to William Swanston, writing master, near the Cross, Edinburgh, or he may be spoken with at Almville, near the inn, on Saturdays.

Houses in Loanhead to Sell,

By the Trustees on the sequestrated estate of WILLIAM COWAN, merchant in Edinburgh.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 18th day of February current, at twelve o'clock mid-day,

SEVERAL DWELLING HOUSES lying in the village of Loan head, and county of Edinburgh, possessed by Malcolm M'Donald and other tenants, and paying of rent about 21 l. Sterling, but subject to a life-rent in favours of Mrs Cowan.

If purchasers incline, the said life-rent will be exposed to sale at the same time and place. Mr Playfair, writer, Liberton's Wynd, Edinburgh, will show the articles of roup and title-deeds, and the said Malcolm M'Donald will show the subjects.

To be SOLD or LET, and entered to at Whitsunday next,

THE Second Flat above the ground storey of that HOUSE in the Pleasance of Edinburgh, lying on the east side of the High-street thereof, near the Cracklinghouse, presently possessed by Mr George Winton, barber, consisting of five rooms, with a cellar and small garden at the back thereof. The house to the east commands a very extensive and agreeable prospect, and is within a few minutes walk of the Cross, by the new communication of the south Bridge.

For further particulars, apply to Archibald Douglas, writer, James's Square.

HOUSES TO BE SOLD.

To be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse, on Friday the 6th day of March 1789, between the hours of one and two afternoon,

THAT LODGING or DWELLING-HOUSE in Alison's Square, being the second storey of the middle or back court, presently possessed by Mrs Stewart, consisting of a very handsome large dining-room, three bed-chambers, kitchen, closets, and other conveniencies, two very excellent cellars, and a large light garret room. The house is substantially finished, and in good repair, is well lighted and of easy access both by the Potterrow and by the South Bridge through Nicolson's Square.

ALSO,

That Small DWELLING HOUSE in Taylor's Land, Borthwick's Close, being the third Storey of said land, consisting of two rooms and a kitchen, presently possessed by Hugh Falconer, at the rent of 5 l. 5 s.

The articles of roup and title deeds are in the hands of Alexander Abercromby, writer to the signet.

ARGYLE SQUARE.

To be LET for one or more years, and entered into at Whitsunday,

THE MIDDLE HOUSE on the south side of the square, at present possessed by Col. Edmonston, consisting of seven rooms, kitchen, pantry, cellar, and good garrets. The house to be seen Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, betwixt twelve and three o'clock.—For particulars, enquire at Mrs Thomas Campbell's, Society.

AS ALSO—IN THE SOCIETY.

To be SOLD or LET, and entered into at Whitsunday, or sooner if agreed upon, that large HOUSE, lately possessed by the Lord Advocate, consisting of twelve fire rooms, kitchen, pantry, and vaulted cellars below the house; one of the rooms is elegant, 25½ feet long, and 18 feet broad, with a large bow, and five windows to the south. There is a water pipe in the back court.

N B. Mrs Thomas Campbell, the proprietor, is in the house, and will show it Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, betwixt twelve and three o'clock, and who will inform as to further particulars.

Sale of Subjects in Leith Wynd.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within John's Coffeehouse in Edinburgh, on Thursday the 19th of February 1789, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon,

THAT FORE TENEMENT of LAND, consisting of two storeys and garrets, formerly *Bartlemie's Land*, with a valuable area at the back thereof. Also, that at Large New Tenement at the back thereof, called *Douglas's Land*, with an area, both lying near the foot of Leith Wynd.

The fore tenement is presently rented at	L. 14 7 0
The back tenement -	38 10 0
	L. 52 17 0

These subjects will be exposed either together or in lots as purchasers may incline, and the upset prices very reasonable.

The articles and conditions of sale, and progress to be seen in the hands of George Jeffrey writer in Edinburgh. And William Crawford reedmaker in Leith Wynd will show the rental and subjects.

Edinburgh, February 6. 1789.

IT is requested That any person to whom the deceased *John James Smith of Houston*, writer in Edinburgh, was indebted, will be pleased to transmit notes of their claims, and how the same are vouched, to George Napier, at Mr Smith's house in the Castle-hill, betwixt and the 20th of February current, in order that measures may be taken for their immediate payment.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of ALEXANDER BIRNIE, Tanner in Aberdeen.

AT a general meeting of the creditors of the said Alexander Birnie, held at Aberdeen upon the 23d day of January current, for the purpose of chusing an interim-factor upon his sequestrated estate, William Kennedy, advocate in Aberdeen, was unanimously elected into that office; and the creditors appointed the 28th day of February last, at twelve o'clock noon, within the house of Patrick Wilkie, vintner in Aberdeen, for the purpose of chusing a trustee on the said sequestrate estate—And, on application to the Sheriff of Aberdeen, Thursday the 29th day of January last, and the 5th, 12th, and 19th days of February curt. were fixed, within the Laigh Tolbooth or common Court-house of Aberdeen, for the public examination of the bankrupt and others acquainted with his affairs.—Of all which intimation is hereby given, in terms of the statute of the 23d of his present Majesty. And, in the meantime, it is entreated those indebted to Mr Birnie will pay in their debts to the factor, to save the expence of legal prosecutions.

AT LEITH, FOR LONDON,

THE ELIZA,

JOHN SAMSON MASTER,

Now lying on the birth in Leith harbour, taking in goods, and will sail the 14th February.

N. B. The ship has good accommodation for passengers.

The Master to be spoke with at the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, or at his house, north end of the bridge, Leith.

20th January 1789.

To the Curious and Inquisitive in Natural History

THIS day is opened, at No. 31. South Bridge Street, an Exhibition of BIRDS, FISHES, SERPENTS, and INSECTS, to be seen from eleven to three o'clock. Admittance One Shilling, or Ten Shillings and Sixpence to subscribers, for six months, who have admittance every lawful day from this date. The proprietor proposes, if he meets with encouragement, to make a Collection, containing the whole of the British Zoology, and to class them in their proper order, which will not only be a very great Entertainment to the curious, but a great ornament to this city. Many Gentlemen who have made the tour of Europe, and seen the Museums and Cabinets of the different Kingdoms, have given it as their opinion, that the above specimens are no ways inferior to any they ever saw. As to the Fishes, the method of preservation is entirely his own invention.

The proprietor proposes, if he should get twenty persons, who are desirous to learn the art of preserving Birds, he will teach them for three guineas each, and the art of preserving Fishes, to the like number of persons, at the same price.

Every person paying as above six guineas, he will engage to instruct in six weeks, or two months, so that he shall be able to do them as well as the proprietor, who has for thirty years been much employed in finding out the most proper methods of preservation.

To be sold at the same place, a beautiful MODEL of the Holy Sepulchre, and of St Mary's Bethlehem, made of Olive Wood, Ivory, and Mother of Pearl, by a most ingenious artist, who executed them on the spot, and took him twenty years to finish.

Also a few original PAINTINGS, and a very fine reflecting TELESCOPE, an electrical Machine, two fine Sienna Marble Slabs, three Urns, some fine Figures in Bronze, Wood, Plaster, &c. &c.

TO BE SOLD,

A HOUSE in the north-west corner of Brown's Square, consisting of three storeys and sunk storey, with a wine cellar within the house, all fitted up with catacombs. There is a back area, with coach-house, stable, and hay-loft, and other offices.

For particulars, apply to Mr John Gordon, writer to the signet, St Andrew's Square. Not to be repeated.

TO LET UNFURNISHED,

Now or at Whitsunday next, for such time as can be agreed on,

THAT Large and Commodious HOUSE, No. 59. Prince's Street, with stable, coach-house, washing-house, and back ground.

For particulars, apply at Mr Macdonald's, writer to the signet, Prince's Street.

To be LET, and entered to at Whitsunday next,

THAT Tenement in Leith Wynd, presently possessed by Messr. John Carlier and Co. and occupied as a weaving factory, containing room for 15 looms.—Also two small Dwelling-houses under the same roof, and a small house within the court, occupied by a lint dresser.

For further particulars, apply to James Gentle, writer, Smith's Land, Edinburgh. Not to be repeated.

To be LET furnished, or unfurnished, or to be SOLD,

A HOUSE in the CANONGATE, opposite Queensberry House, with Coach-house, Stable, Laundry, &c. fit to accommodate a numerous and genteel family.

For particulars, as to a set, application may be made to Mr Lamb, upholsterer; and as to a sale, to Isaac Grant writer to the signet, in whose hands the titles are, and who has powers to conclude a bargain.

GREENLAND SHIP FOR SALE.

TO be SOLD by public roup, at the Leith Coffeehouse, on Thursday the 19th day of February 1789, at two o'clock afternoon,

The Ship Six Brothers, OF LEITH,

NOW lying in Leith Harbour, burden per register 382 58-94ths tons, with seven whale-boats, casks, and a complete set of stores for the fishery, all in good condition.

The ship is all built of oak, shifts light, will carry about 600 tons dead weight, and is well calculated for the Archangel or Baltic trade.

If agreeable to purchasers, the ship and fishing stores will be exposed either together or separately.

The inventory of the ship, and conditions of sale are in the hands of William Grinly ship-broker in Leith, who will show the ship and fishing materials, any time before the sale.

A VESSEL FOR SALE.

(*Upset Price Reduced*)

TO be peremptorily SOLD by voluntary roup, within the Ship Coffeehouse, Leith, on Friday the 13th February, at six o'clock in the evening,

MARY ANN OF WEMYSS,

A Brigantine of about 300 tons burthen, of Oak, and British built; with all her materials, as she now lies in the harbour of Leith.

She is a strong vessel, well calculated for the Baltic trade, being of a light draught of water; stows well, and sails with little or no ballast.

The ship will be seen by applying to Andrew Alison rope-maker, or James Hall merchant, Leith, who will also show an inventory of her materials; and the rights and conditions of sale are to be seen in the hands of Thomas Gordon, writer to the signet.

N. B. Persons having claims against said Vessel, or against the late Captain James Pringle, are desired immediately to lodge notes of the same with the said Thomas Gordon;—with certification if they neglect to comply with this intimation, that after the vessel is sold the price will be divided among the Creditors appearing, and others having interest, and that thereafter the exposers are not to be liable for parcels or any such claims.

To be SOLD by public roup, on Thursday the 2d day of April, 1789 years, at five o'clock afternoon, within the house of Bartholemew Cockburn, vintner in Cupar,

THE following SUBJECTS lying within the Burgh of Cupar in Fife.

I. That DWELLING-HOUSE, Stable, and Pertinents, lying at the head of the Bridge-Street of Cupar, presently possessed by said Bartholemew Cockburn.

II. A DWELLING-HOUSE, with Garden and Pigeon House, situated in the Bonny-Gate-Street of the said burgh, and presently possessed by William Miller of Stair, Esq; and

III. That TENEMENT on the south side of the said Bonny-Gate-Street of Cupar, presently occupied as an Episcopal meeting-house, with a Dwelling-house below and Hay-loft above the same.

The title-deeds and articles of sale may be seen in the hands of Robert Stark, writer in Cupar.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of MARK RULE, Meal-maker and Dyster at Blinkbonny.

AT a meeting of the Creditors held at Kelso on the 31st day of January last, they made choice of Thomas Potts, writer in Kelso, to be trustee upon his sequestrated estate.—He therefore, in terms of the statute, requires the whole Creditors of the said Mark Rule, to lodge with him their grounds of debt, with oaths on the verity thereof, betwixt and the 10th day of September next, being nine kalendar months from the date of the sequestration; certifying such as neglect to comply with this requisition, they will not be entitled to any share of the first distribution of the bankrupt's estate.

By Order of the Honourable
COMMISSIONERS OF HIS MAJESTY's CUSTOMS.

To be expoſed to public ſale, in the Cuſtom-houſes of the Ports, and upon the reſpective days after mentioned, at twelve o'clock noon each day,

THE following Goods, which have been condemned in his Majeſty's Court of Exchequer.

PRESTONPANS Monday 9.—17 gallons Foreign Geneva, below the ſtrength of 1 in 6 under hydrometer proof.
10 Cwt. Iron.

DUNBAR, Tueſday 10.—Several parcels of Foreign Spirits, viz. 185 gallons Geneva, below the ſtrength of 1 in 6 under hydrometer proof

51 gallons Brandy, and 8½ half gallons Rum, not below the ſtrength of 1 in 6 under hydrometer proof.

Two open Boats, with their Tackle, Furniture, and Apparel

BORROWSTOUNNESS, Wedneſday 11.—Several parcels of Foreign Spirits, viz. 3195½ gallons Geneva, below the ſtrength of 1 in 6 under hydrometer proof.

3½ gallons Geneva, and 104 gallons Brandy, not below the ſtrength of 1 in 6 under hydrometer proof.

Other Articles.—A parcel of Timber, Ruſſia Linen, Woorſell's Refined Sugar, Matts, Looking glaſſes, painted Covers for Tables, Hair Bruſhes and Beſoms, and the Sloop Nancy, burden 64 tons, with her Row-boat, Tackle, Furniture, and Apparel, to be ſold entire.

ALLOA, Thurſday 12.—The Sloop Prime, burden 40 1-3d tons with her Row-boat, Tackle, Furniture, and Apparel, to be ſold entire.

ANSTRUTHER, Friday 13.—Several parcels of Foreign Spirits, viz. 148 gallons Geneva, and 34 gallons Brandy, below the ſtrength of 1 in 6 under hydrometer proof.

102 gallons Geneva, and 76 1-half gallons Brandy, not below the ſtrength of 1 in 6 under hydrometer proof.

Other Articles.—192 pounds Tea, a parcel of bottled Spaniſh Wine, Sope, China, foreign-made Sails and Sail-cloth, Pepper, and Deal-boards.

[illegible], Saturday 14.—Several parcels of Foreign Spirits, viz. 421 gallons Geneva, and 25 gallons Brandy, below the ſtrength of 1 in 6 under hydrometer proof.

25 gallons Rum, and 38 1-half gallons Brandy, not below the ſtrength of 1 in 6 under hydrometer proof.

Other Articles.—49 pieces Foreign Nankeen, and 40 gallons damaged French Wine.

MONTROSE Monday 16.—Several parcels of Foreign Spirits, viz. 56 1-half gallons Geneva, 16 gallons Brandy, and 15 1-half gallons Rum, not below the ſtrength of 1 in 6 under hydrometer proof.

ABERDEEN, Tueſday 17.—152 gallons Geneva, and 63 gallons Brandy, below the ſtrength of 1 in 6 under hydrometer proof.

Other Articles.—850 pounds Tea, 176 pounds raw Coffee berries, 12 hundred 2 qrs. ſtaves exceeding 60 inches in length, a parcel of Deals, Oak Spokes, Playing Cards, and two open Boats, with their Tackle, Furniture, and Apparel.

INVERNESS, Thurſday 19.—Several parcels of Foreign Spirits, viz. 227 gallons Geneva, 59 gallons Brandy, and 7 gallons cinnamon waters, below the ſtrength of 1 in 6 under hydrometer proof.

343 gallons Rum, and 7 gallons Brandy, not below the ſtrength of 1 in 6 under hydrometer proof.

70 pounds Tea.

PORT GLASGOW, Thurſday 19.—The Hull of the cutter Lenox *to be broken up*, and her materials to be ſold entire.

STRANRAER, Friday 20.—Several parcels of Foreign Spirits, viz. 68 gallons Geneva, 201 gallons Brandy, and 61 gallons Rum, below the ſtrength of 1 in 6 under hydrometer proof.

34 gallons Brandy, not below the ſtrength of 1 in 6 under hydrometer proof.

Britiſh Spirits.—24 Gallons Aquavitæ.

Other Articles.—A parcel of Tea, Woolen Yarn, Woolfells, Hard Soap, Hair-powder, Flax, Tow, and Calf Reeds.

WIGTON, Saturday 21.—16 Gallons Geneva, below the ſtrength of one in ſix under hydrometer proof, 34 gallons Brandy, not below the ſtrength of one in ſix under hydrometer proof.

Other Articles.—One ſhip's Anchor, 176 pounds Tea, 1 ton. 19 cwt 3 q. Iron, and a parcel of Timber.

AYR, Monday 23.—153 Gallons Brandy, below the ſtrength of one in ſix under hydrometer proof, 531 gallons Brandy, not below the ſtrength of ditto.

Other Articles.—341 Pounds Tea, the Sloops Bachelors, burden 27 tons, and Richard and Hannah, burden 21 tons, with all their materials, to be ſold entire; and likewiſe the materials of the Sloop Wigton, the Hull of which veſſel is to be ſold to be broken up.

IRVINE, Tueſday the 24th February—6 1-half buſhels Iriſh Salt, and the Sloop Jenny, burden 40 tons, together with her Row-boat, Tackle, Furniture, and Apparel, to be ſold entire

KIRKCUDBRIGHT, Wedneſday the 25th February—215 Gallons Rum, not below the ſtrength of 1 in 6 under Hydrometer proof.

The Sloops Dolphin, burden 32 1-half tons, and Thomas and Andrew, burden 22 1-half tons, with their Row boats, Tackle, Furniture, and Apparel, to be ſold entire.

OBAN, Thurſday the 26th Feb.—208 1-half Gallons Geneva, below the ſtrength of 1 in 6 under Hydrometer proof.

165 1-half Gallons Rum, not below the ſtrength of 1 in 6 under Hydrometer proof.

Other Articles—A parcel of Timber, an half decked Boat, about 15 tons burden, a ſmall Skift, and an Open Boat, to be ſold entire.

KIRKWALL, Saturday the 13th March—86 Gallons Geneva, below the ſtrength of 1 in 6 under Hydrometer proof.

Other Articles 7 Boats in boards one Open Boat whole, and a parcel of French Wine damaged.

N. B Purchaſers will take notice, that by the act of the 26th Geo. III. cap. 73. ſec. 31. it is, among other things, enacted, That no diſtiller or diſtillers, maker or makers, rectifier or rectifiers, compounder or compounders of ſpirits, or any dealer or dealers in ſpirits, ſhall ſell, or ſend out any foreign ſpirits, of a lower degree of ſtrength than that of one in ſix under hydrometer proof, nor have in his, her, or their cuſtody or poſſeſſion, any quantity of Foreign Spirits, or Britiſh and Foreign Spirits mixed together, (except Shrub, Cherry or Raſpberry Brandy) of a lower degree of ſtrength than as aforeſaid, upon pain of all ſuch ſpirits being forfeited, and loſt, together with the [illegible] the ſame.

And, by the 34th ſec. of the ſame ſtatute, it is enacted, That if any Britiſh rectified Spirits, or any mixture of Britiſh Spirits with Foreign Spirits, ſhall be found in the cuſtody of any dealer or dealers in ſpirits, not being a rectifier or compounder of Britiſh Spirits, exceeding the ſtrength of 1 in 8 under hydrometer proof, the ſame, together with the caſks and veſſels containing the ſame, ſhall be forfeited and loſt.

Purchaſers will alſo take notice that 25 per cent. of the purchaſe money is to be depoſited, and the ſame to be forfeited unleſs the goods are taken away within the time to be limited by the conditions of ſale.

For St Kitt's,

The HOPE, John Macmillan Maſter, to ſail by the 10th of February.

For Grenada and St Vincent,

The SCIPIO, James Ramſay maſter, to ſail by the 10th February.

For Grenada.

The UNION, Duncan Macnaughton Maſter, to ſail by the 15th March.

Theſe are very fine ſhips, and have the beſt accommodation for paſſengers, who may apply to Alexander Houſtoun and Company in Glaſgow, or Malcolm, Ritchie, and Leitch in Greenock.

BY ADJOURNMENT.

AYR AND WIGTON.

To be SOLD by public roup, under the authority of the Court of Seſſion, within the Parliament or New Seſſion-houſe at Edinburgh, upon Thurſday the 22th of February, 1789, between the hours of four and ſix afternoon,

THE Lands and Eſtate of Pinkill, conſiſting of the following particulars, viz.

In the pariſh of Dailly, and ſhire of Ayr.

LOT I.

The Forty Shilling Land of PINKILL and Twenty Shilling Land of AIRD, poſſeſſed upon a leaſe for 19 years, which is current till Whitſunday 1803, at the yearly rent of L. 36 0 0

And the tenant paid of graſſum 71l. 2s. which is proved to be equal to an additional rent of 5 17 8

Total rent, L. 41 17 8

But it will be obſerved, that this graſſum was given for a prolongation of the then current leaſe, for which a graſſum of about 300l. Sterling had been formerly paid.

DEDUCTIONS.

The proprietor has no right to the teinds, and they are not ſaleable, but they are valued, and in money and victual amount to L.9 5 7 7 12ths

The lands hold of the Crown, as come in place of the Biſhop of Dumblane, for payment of 0 10 1 2-12ths

9 15 8 3-12ths

Remains of free rent, L. 32 1 11 3-12ths

The proven value whereof, at 24 years purchaſe, is 770 1 11 3-12ths

But there is deducted, as applicable to the graſſum, for the time of the leaſe yet to run, 63 15 2 6-12ths

Leaving of upſet price, L.706 6 8 9-12ths

In the pariſh of Barr, and ſhire of Ayr.

LOT II.

No. 1.—The Twenty Shilling Land of LAGGANMONY, poſſeſſed upon a leaſe for 19 years, which is current till Whitſunday 1804, at the yearly rent of L. 9 0 0

And the tenant paid of graſſum 58l. 12s. which is equal to 4 16 11 8-12ths

Total rent, L. 13 16 11 8-12ths

DEDUCTION.

The proprietor has right to the teinds, and there is therefore no deduction on that account. The lands are held of the Crown, as come in place of the Biſhop of Dumblane, for payment of 0 7 1

Remains of free rent, L. 13 9 10 8-12ths

The proven value whereof, at 24 years purchaſe, is L.323 17 4

But there is deducted, as applicable to the graſſum for the time of the leaſe yet to run 54 13 4

Leaving of upſet price, L.269 4 0

No 2.—The Merk Land of DRUMMURCHIE, poſſeſſed on a leaſe for 19 years, current till Whitſunday 1793, at the yearly rent of L. 6 0 0

And the tenant paid of graſſum 51l. 5s. which is equal to [illegible]

Total rent, L.10 4 9 9-12ths

No. 3.—The Twenty Shilling Land of PYNANNOT, poſſeſſed upon a leaſe for 19 years, current till Whitſunday 1798, at the rent of L. 6 0 0

And the tenant paid of graſſum 125l. equal to 10 6 10 4-12ths

Total rent, 16 6 10 4-12ths

No. 4.—The Sixteen Shilling and Eightpenny Land of FARDENREOCH and LITTLE FARDEN, poſſeſſed upon a leaſe for 19 years, current till Whitſunday 1802, at the rent of L. 8 10 0

And the tenant paid of graſſum 155l. equal to 12 16 6

Groſs rent of theſe three farms, L.47 18 2 1-12th

DEDUCTION.

The proprietor has no right to the teinds, and they are not ſaleable, but they are valued at 5 19 4 5-12ths

Theſe lands hold blench of the Prince.

Free rent, L.41 18 9 8-12ths

The proven value whereof, at 24 years purchaſe, is L.1006 11 4

But there is deducted, as applicable to the above graſſums for the time of the leaſes yet to run, the following ſums, viz.

For Drummurchie, L.21 10 5 9-12ths
For Pynannot, 85 18 3 4-12ths
For Fardenreoch and Little Farden, 133 2 5 9 12ths
In all 240 11 2 10-12ths

Leaving of upſet price, L.766 0 [illegible] 2-12ths
ny, as above, 269 4 0

Total upſet price of this lot, L.1035 4 1 2-12ths

In the pariſh of Girvan, and ſhire of Ayr.

LOT III.

The Four Merk Land of PYMONT, alias COULSOULL, and Twenty Shilling Land of PENE, now called CAIRNHOUSE and CALDSHORE, poſſeſſed on leaſes for nineteen years, as follows, viz.

That part of Pymont poſſeſſed by Alexander M'Caw, on a leaſe current to Whitſunday 1798, at L. 25 0 0

Graſſum, 65l. equal to 5 7 6 9-12ths

Total rent, L.30 7 6 9-12ths

That part of ditto poſſeſſed by Ja. M'Kie, on a leaſe current to Martinmas 1797, at L.14 0 0

Graſſum, 62l. equal to 5 2 7 2-12ths

Total rent, 19 2 7 2-12ths

Cairnhouſe, poſſeſſed on a leaſe current to Whitſunday 1796, at L.8 0 0

Graſſum, 15l. equal to 1 4 9 10-12ths

Total rent, 9 4 9 10-12ths

Caldſhore, poſſeſſed on a leaſe current to Whitſunday 1798, at L.8 0 0

Graſſum, 10l. equal to 0 16 6 7-12ths

Total rent, 8 16 6 7-12ths

Groſs rent of this lot, L.67 11 6 4-12ths

DEDUCTION.

The proprietor has no right to the teinds, and they are not ſaleable, but they are valued, and in money and victual amount to 9 17 11

Theſe lands likewiſe hold blench of the Prince.

Free rent, L.57 13 7 4-12ths

The proven value whereof, at twenty-four years purchaſe, is L.1384 6 8

But there is deducted, as applicable to the above graſſums, for the time of the leaſes yet to run, the following ſums, viz.

For Alex. M'Caw's poſſeſſion, L.44 13 6
For Ja. M'Kie's, 41 10 3 6-12ths
For Cairnhouſe, 8 16 5 3-12ths
For Caldſhore, 6 7 5 6-12ths
101 7 8 3-12ths

Leaving of upſet price for this lot, L.1282 18 11 9-12ths

LOT IV.

The Fifty Shilling Land of TROLORG, including the Lands now called LITTLETOUN, poſſeſſed upon a leaſe for 19 years current till Whitſunday 1793, at the ſilver rent of L.9 1 8

And converted caſualties, 2 5 0 3-12ths

Making L.11 6 8 3-12ths

Graſſum, 135l. equal to 11 3 5

Total groſs rent, L.22 10 1 3-12ths

Deduct for teinds, to which the proprietor has no right, and are not ſaleable, but which are valued at 3 5 10

Theſe lands likewiſe hold blench of the Prince.

Free rent, L.19 4 3 3-12ths

The proven value whereof, at twenty-four years purchaſe, is L.462 2 6

But there is deducted, as applicable to the graſſum for the time of the leaſes yet to run, 56 13 11 7-12ths

Leaving of upſet price L.405 8 6 5-12ths

LOT V.

The Thirty Shilling Land of KILPATRICK and Corn Mill thereof, twenty ſhilling land of GLENASSIL ten ſhilling land of M'LACHRISTOUN, and thirteen ſhilling fourpenny land of CAIRNF, poſſeſſed upon a leaſe for thirty years, current till Whitſunday 1804, at the rent of L.11 13 4

And for poultry preſents, 10 0

Making L.14 3 4

Graſſum, 150l. equal to 9 15 1 10-12ths

Groſs rent, L.23 18 5 10-12ths

Deduct for teinds, to which the proprietor has no right, and are not ſaleable, but which are valued at 3 8 9

Theſe lands are likewiſe held blench of the Prince.

Free rent, L.20 9 8 1

The proven value whereof, at 24 years purchaſe, is [illegible]

But there is deducted, as applicable to the graſſum, 110 0 2 2-12ths

Leaving of upſet price L.381 12 9 10-11ths

N.B. Theſe lands are at preſent poſſeſſed by a ſubtenant, who pays a conſiderable additional rent.

In the pariſh of Ballantrae and ſhire of Ayr.

LOT VI.

The Forty Shilling Land of SHALLOCHWRACK, poſſeſſed upon a leaſe for nineteen years, current till Whitſunday 1797, at L.12 0 0

Graſſum 138l. equal to 11 8 4 6-12ths

Groſs rent L.23 8 4 6-12ths

DEDUCTION.

The proprietor has no right to the teinds, but they are valued at 3 4 1 11-12ths

Theſe lands likewiſe hold blench of the Prince.

Free rent L.20 4 2 7-12ths

The proven value whereof, at 24 years purchaſe, is 485 1 2

But there is deducted, as applicable to the graſſum, for the time of the leaſe yet to run, 88 3 5 6-12ths

Leaving of upſet price, L.396 17 8 6 12ths

In the pariſh of Colmonell and ſhire of Ayr

LOT VII.

The Twenty Shilling Land of LOCHANDORNELL, Ten Shilling Land of GLAISTER, and Half Merk Land of ANNIMEAN, poſſeſſed as follows, viz.

Lochandornell and Glaiſter, on a leaſe for 19 years, current till Whitſunday 1800, at L.27 0 0

Graſſum 200l. equal to 16 10 11 10-12ths

L.43 10 11 10-12ths

Annimean, on a leaſe for 19 years, current till Whitſunday 1706, at 8l Graſſum 25l. equal to 2 1 4 5 12ths

10 1 4 5-12ths

Groſs rent of theſe two farms L.53 12 4 3-12ths

DEDUCTIONS.

The proprietor has no right to the tiends, but they are valued, and in money and victual, amount to L.6 1 2 8-12ths

Theſe lands hold feu of a ſubject, for the payment of 10l. Scots, or 0 16 8

6 17 10 8-12ths

Free rent, L.46 14 5 7-12ths

The proven value whereof, at 23 years purchaſe, is 1074 12 8 5-12ths

Add for the privilege of purchaſing the teinds, valued at 5 years purchaſe 30 6 1 4-12ths

Total proven value, L.1104 18 9 9-12ths

But there is deducted, as applicable to the graſſums, as follows, viz.

For Lochandornells and Glaiſter, L.155 9 1
For Annimean, 14 14 0 9-12ths
Amounting to 170 3 1 9-12ths

Leaving of upſet price, L.934 15 8

In the pariſh of Newluce and ſhire of Wigton.

LOT VIII.

The Seven Merk Land of AIRTHFIELD, poſſeſſed upon a leaſe for 19 years, current till Whitſunday 1794, at (in money and converted caſualties) L.12 13 10 5-12ths

Graſſum 500l. equal to 41 7 5 4-12ths

Groſs rent, L.54 1 3 9-12ths

DEDUCTIONS.

The proprietor has no right to the teinds, but they are valued at L.4 6 10

Theſe lands hold likewiſe of a ſubject, for payment of 0 16 8

5 3 6

Free rent, 48 17 9 9-12ths

The proven value whereof, at 23 years purchaſe, is 1124 9 8 3-12ths

Add, for the privilege of purchuſing the teinds, valued at 5 years durchaſe, 21 14 2

Total proven value, L.1146 3 10 3-12ths

But there is deducted, as applicable to the graſſum, 239 7 11 3-12ths

Leaving of free upſet price, [illegible]

The tenants of the whole of this eſtate are bound to pay all public burdens over and above their rents.

The lands admit of great improvement, particularly thoſe in the pariſhes of Dailly and Girvan, which lie near to abundance of both coal and lime, and are only a very ſhort diſtance from the harbour of Girvan.

It is believed that each of lots 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, affords a freehold qualification on retours.

The title deeds, articles of roup and leaſes, may be ſeen in the office of Mr Bruce, depute clerk of Seſſion, or in the hands of Andrew Blane, writer to the ſignet, agent in the ſale; and further information may be got by applying to him, or to Robert Grahame, writer in Glaſgow, the factor.

SALE of a CAPITAL DISTILLERY,

A large Parcel of SPIRITS, &c.

TO be SOLD by public auction, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, on Wedneſday the 18th day of March 1789, between the hours of five and ſeven o'clock in the afternoon,

The LAND, HOUSE, OFFICES, and DISTILLERY of KILBAGIE, ſituated in the county of Clackmanan, and within a mile of the river Forth, (to which there is acceſs by a navigable canal) and in the heart of a rich and populous country.

The Diſtillery is plentifully ſupplied with water, and there is great plenty of coal, wood, limeſtone, and freeſtone in the immediate neighbourhood. In point of magnitude, ſolidity, and convenience, it exceeds any thing of the kind in Great Britain; and beſides *Mills* for thraſhing of corn and grinding all ſorts of grain, there are included in it a *moſt complete Malting*, and houſes for feeding, ſlaughtering, and curing of cattle, hogs, &c.—The whole fitted up in a ſtile, ſuperior to any idea that can be conveyed by an advertiſement.

The *Houſe* and *Offices* are built in a moſt ſubſtantial and elegant manner. The apartments are ſpacious, numerous, and commodious, fit for the accommodation of a large family.

The above premiſes comprehend two large Gardens, well ſtocked with fruit trees of the beſt kinds, and about thirty acres of Land, moſt of it a rich kerſe ground.

Together with the above will be ſold, a large parcel of EMPTY CASKS.

For further particulars apply to David Steuart, banker in Edinburgh, or Robert Bofwell, writer to the ſignet.

Eſtate in Roxburghſhire to Sell.

To be SOD by public roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, on Wedneſday the 11th day of March next, between the hours of ſix and ſeven o'clock afternoon,

THE Lands and Barony of HUNTHILL, with the Teinds and pertinents, lying in the pariſh of Jedburgh, and county of Roxburgh. This eſtate contains eleven hundred acres of land, and there is about 600 of theſe acres capable of the higheſt cultivation, the ſoil being partly adapted for turnip, and partly for wheat crop.

The preſent yearly rent of the farms under leaſe is, [illegible] L. 290 0
Parks in the proprietor's poſſeſſio 40 0

Total, L. 330 0
Deduct miniſter's ſtipend, L. 1 13
School ſalary, 0 5
1 18

Neat rent, L. 328 2

But the farms being moſtly in a ſtate of nature, may be expected to advance conſiderably when the leaſes expire. There is a modern Manſion Houſe upon the eſtate, fit to accommodate a large family, which, with betwixt 30 and 40 acres of incloſed land adjacent to the houſe, and in the proprietor's poſſeſſion, may be immediately entered to.—The full grown wood upon the eſtate is valuable, and the young plantations extenſive, the thinings alone yielding a conſiderable ſum yearly There is alſo an extenſive Moſs, producing excellent peats, for which there is a ready market in the town of Jedburgh, which is only a mile diſtant, and where there is a good butcher market twice a week; and ſo great are the appearances of coal in the eſtate, that colliers are at preſent making trials at the expence of the county.

For further particulars apply to the proprietor at Hunthill, or to Mr Riddell, writer to the ſignet, George Square, Edinburgh, in whoſe hands the tacks and title-deeds may be ſeen, and with whom any perſon inclining a private bargain may treat betwixt and the day of ſale.

N. B Mr Rutherfurd's ſervants at Hunthill will ſhow the boundaries of the eſtate.

Furniſhed Houſe, Grounds, &c.

To be LET for One or more Years,

THE HOUSE, Parks, Garden, Pigeon Houſe, and Offices of BONNINGTON, ten miles weſt of Edinburgh, upon the Glaſgow road, as lately poſſeſſed by the Marquis of Tweedale.

The Houſe is neatly and completely furniſhed, and conſiſts of dining-room, drawing-room, ſix bed-rooms, with kitchen, ſervants rooms, laundry, garrets, ſervant's hall, cellars, and various other conveniencies.

The Parks contain twenty-five acres, part of which were laid down in graſs laſt year. The Garden, two acres, and well ſtocked with fruit trees of different kinds, and the Pigeon Houſe is extremely rich. There are coach-houſe, ſtables, and other offices upon the premiſſes.

The Gardener at Bonnington will ſhow the houſe and grounds, and thoſe inclining to be informed of particulars, will pleaſe apply to Mr Laurence Inglis, North Richmond Street.

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